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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|---|---|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/082,816 | 02/25/2002 | Andrew Cofler | 00GR35154360 | 1555 |
| 27975 | 7590 11/02/2005 | | EXAMINER | |
| ALLEN, DYER, DOPPELT, MILBRATH & GILCHRIST P.A. | | | TSAI, HENRY | |
| | 1401 CITRUS CENTER 255 SOUTH ORANGE AVENUE P.O. BOX 3791 | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| ORLANDO, FL 32802-3791 | | 2181 | | |

DATE MAILED: 11/02/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 10/082,816 | COFLER ET AL. | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | Henry W.H. Tsai | 2181 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply | ppears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a relif NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin poly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day and will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ute, cause the application to become ABANDONE | nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 | August 2005. | | | | | |
| ·— · | · | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allow | | | | | | |
| •— | closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>25-50</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | | |
| • | 4a) Of the above claim(s) _ is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>25-36,38 and 50</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) <u>37, and 39-49</u> is/are objected to. |)⊠ Claim(s) <u>37, and 39-49</u> is/are objected to. | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and | /or election requirement. | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami | ner. | | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | ů | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign | gn priority under 35 U.S.C. & 119/a |)-(d) or (f). | | | | |
| a) ⊠ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: | | | | | | |
| <i>, , ,</i> | 1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage | | | | | | |
| application from the International Bure | | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| AMaakaa au (4a) | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | 4) 🔲 Interview Summary | (PTO 412) | | | | |
| Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D | | | | | |
| 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other: | Patent Application (PTO-152) | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Appeal Brief

1. In view of the Appeal Brief filed on 8/23/05, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. The Office Action with the new ground(s) of rejection is set forth below.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

- (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
 - (2) request reinstatement of the appeal.

If reinstatement of the appeal is requested, such request must be accompanied by a supplemental appeal brief, but no new amendments, affidavits (37 CFR 1.130, 1.131 or 1.132) or other evidence are permitted. See 37 CFR 1.193(b)(2).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. Claims 25-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point

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out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 25, lines 9-10, it is not clear what is meant by "a current cycle" since the cycle is indefinite since it can be such as, a clock cycle, a bus cycle, a CPU cycle, instruction cycle and so on.

Applicant is required to review the claims and correct all language which does not comply with 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 25, 36, 38, and 50 are rejected under 35
U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Underwood et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,928,357) (hereafter referred to as Underwood et al.'357).

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Referring to claim 25, Underwood et al.'357 discloses, as claimed, a method of handling branching instructions using a processor (see Fig. 1) comprising a program memory (250, see Fig. 2) storing program instructions, and a processor core (10, see Fig. 1) comprising a plurality of processing units (certainly existing in the Underwood et al.'357's system, such as integer unit, floating point unit, and addressing unit) and a central unit (220, see Fig. 2) connected thereto, the central unit issuing instructions to the processing units based upon the program instructions, the method comprising: clocking the processor core with a clock signal (clock signal inputted to program counter 260, see Fig. 2); receiving a branching instruction (based on the branch address, see Col. 3, lines 30-42, and Fig. 3) in the course of a current cycle; and processing the received branching instruction in the current cycle (see Col. 3, lines 30-42, Fig. 3, and col. 3, lines 51-54, regarding that the branch instruction and fetch of the next instruction is complete within one clock cycle without a delay due to the branch condition).

Referring to claim 36, Underwood et al.'357 discloses, as claimed, a method of handling branching instructions using a processor (see Fig. 1) comprising a program memory (250, see Fig. 2) storing program instructions, and a processor core (10,

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see Fig. 1) comprising a plurality of processing units

(certainly existing in the Underwood et al.'357's system, such as integer unit, floating point unit, and addressing unit), and a central unit (220, see Fig. 2) connected thereto, the central unit issuing instructions to the processing units based upon the program instructions, the method comprising: receiving at the central core a branching instruction (based on the branch address, see Col. 3, lines 30-42, and Fig. 3) during a current clock cycle and processing the received branching instruction during the current clock cycle (see Col. 3, lines 30-42, Fig. 3, and col. 3, lines 51-54, regarding that the branch instruction and fetch of the next instruction is complete within one clock cycle without a delay due to the branch condition).

Referring to claim 38, Underwood et al.'357 discloses, as claimed, a processor (see Fig. 1) comprising: a program memory (250, see Fig. 2) for storing program instruction; and a processor core (10, see Fig. 1) being clocked by a clock signal (see clock signal inputted to program counter 260, see Fig. 2) and comprising a plurality of processing units (certainly existing in the Underwood et al.'357's system, such as integer unit, floating point unit, and addressing unit) and a central unit (comprising such as ALU 220, see Fig. 2) connected thereto, said central unit for issuing instructions to said processing

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units based upon corresponding program instructions; said central unit comprising a branching module (<u>instruction register 240</u>, see Fig. 2) for receiving a branching instruction (<u>based on the branch address</u>, see Col. 3, lines 30-42, and Fig. 3) during a current clock cycle, and processing this branching instruction during the current clock cycle (<u>see Col. 3</u>, lines 30-42, Fig. 3, and col. 3, lines 51-54, regarding that the branch instruction and fetch of the next instruction is complete within one clock cycle without a delay due to the branch condition).

As to claim 50, Underwood et al.'357 also discloses: having a decoupled architecture (since the instruction cycle of the Underwood et al.'357's system comprises different pipelined stages, see col. 2, lines 31-34, involving Instruction fetch or prefetch and Operand fetch and using different units in the different pipelined stages).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at

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the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claim 30 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Underwood et al.'357 in view of European Patent Application No. EP 1 050 805 (hereafter referred to as EP'805) or Applicant Admitted Prior Art mentioned in Specification page 4, last paragraph to page 5, lines 1-18 (hereafter referred to as AAPA).

Underwood et al.'357 discloses the claimed invention except for a second processing unit including a guard-indication register, wherein in the presence of a guarded branching instruction, a check on the validity of the guard indication assigned to the branching instruction and contained in the guard-indication register is carried out at the start of the current cycle; and wherein the guarded branching instruction is actually received by the central unit and processed, if the value of the corresponding guard indication is declared valid, and, in the opposite case, this guarded branching instruction is kept on hold for processing until the value of the corresponding guard indication is declared valid (in claim 30).

EP'805 discloses a system comprising a second processing unit (19, see Fig. 1) contains a guard-indication register (100,

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see Fig. 1), wherein in the presence of a guarded branching instruction, a check on the validity of the value of the guard indication assigned to said branching instruction (see Col. 5, lines 54-55, regarding the guard selecting from GO-G15 selected for each instruction (certainly including branch instruction)) and contained in the guard-indication register (100, see Fig. 1) is carried out at the start of said current cycle, and in that said guarded branching instruction is actually received by the central unit (12, see Fig. 1) and processed, if the value of the corresponding guard indication (see Col. 2, lines 44-49 or Col. 5, lines 54-55, regarding the guard selecting from G0-G15 selected for each instruction (certainly including branch instruction)) is declared valid (see Col. 5, lines 56-58, regarding the value true or false attributed to guards from GO-G15 is however dependent upon the guard values held at any particular time in a guard register file), and, in the opposite case, this quarded branching instruction is kept on hold for processing until the value of the corresponding guard indication is declared valid. Besides, as Applicant Admitted Prior Art mentioned in Specification page 4, last paragraph to page 5, lines 1-18, the use of guarded instruction in a processor is already known in to a person skilled in the art.

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Underwood et al.'357's system to comprise a second processing unit including a quard-indication register, wherein in the presence of a quarded branching instruction, a check on the validity of the quard indication assigned to the branching instruction and contained in the guard-indication register is carried out at the start of the current cycle; and wherein the guarded branching instruction is actually received by the central unit and processed, if the value of the corresponding guard indication is declared valid, and, in the opposite case, this guarded branching instruction is kept on hold for processing until the value of the corresponding guard indication is declared valid, as taught by EP'805 (or AAPA), in order to facilitate efficiently controlling the branch instructions by reduce the latency due to data dependency and pipeline stall problems (such as using predicates, see Col. 1, lines 27-28), for the Underwood et al.'357's device.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 26-29, and 31-35, would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph,

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set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

7. Claims 37, and 39-49 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments mailed 8/23/05 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Contact Information

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dr. Henry Tsai whose telephone number is (571) 272-4176. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner supervisor, Dov Popovici, can be reached on (571)

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272-4083. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the TC central telephone number, 571-272-2100.

10. In order to reduce pendency and avoid potential delays,
Group 2100 is encouraging FAXing of responses to Office actions
directly into the Group at fax number: 571-273-8300. This
practice may be used for filing papers not requiring a fee. It
may also be used for filing papers which require a fee by
applicants who authorize charges to a PTO deposit account.
Please identify the examiner and art unit at the top of your
cover sheet. Papers submitted via FAX into Group 2100 will be
promptly forward to the examiner.

HÊWRY W.H.TSAI

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PRIMARY EXAMINER

October 31, 2005